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There is also a function to check whether all of the above-mentioned external software tools are installed and their system paths are set properly (Windows sends its regards...).

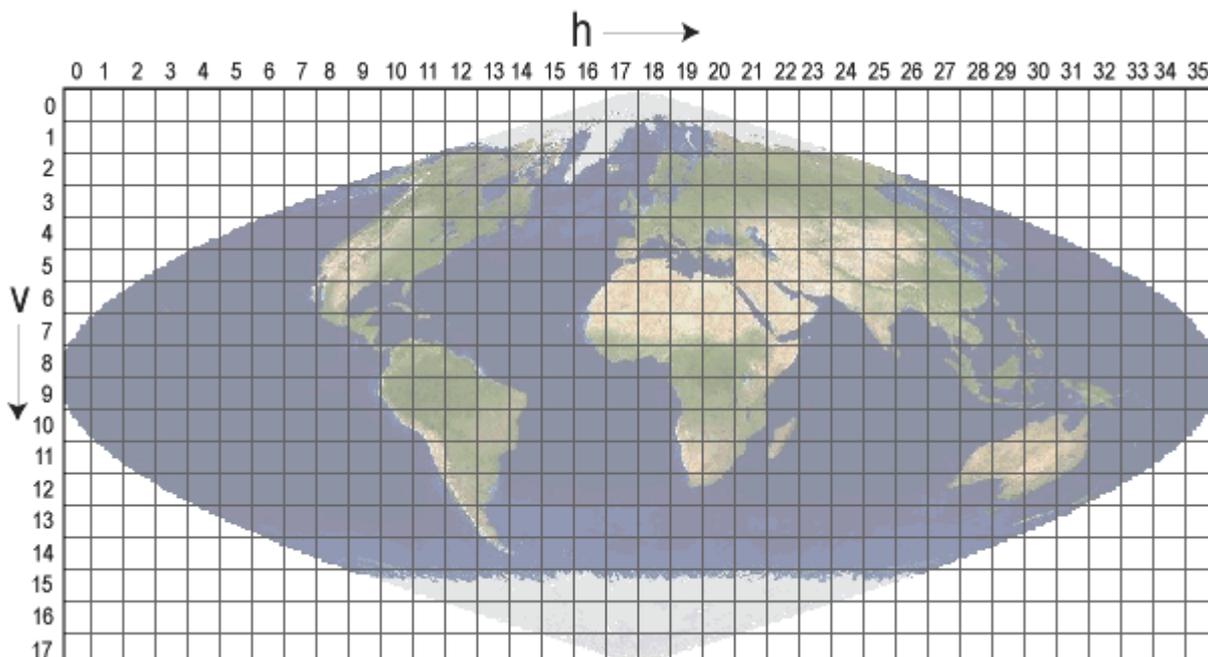
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If no further warnings occurred, then you are now ready to start. Well, almost...

Sinusoidal tile grid

Before launching a download, be advised that high-order MODIS products are commonly subdivided into tiles based on the so-called [Sinusoidal tile grid](#) (see image below). Make sure to identify the coordinates (in **h**orizontal and **v**ertical direction) of the tile you would like to process before commencing with the actual data download - it will save you a lot of time!



Data download

Right now, the package offers support for MODIS land products (distributed via [LPDAAC](#) and [LAADS](#) only. For a full list of available datasets, type `listMODIS`. For the moment, let us download some 1-km resolution 16-day Terra-MODIS NDVI images (product 'MOD13A2') from August 2015 over Cape Verde. You may possibly have noticed already from the image above that Cape Verde is included in tile h15v07. Here is a list of arguments you will need in the following. For more detailed information, have a look at `listMODIS`.

- `product`: MODIS product to be downloaded
- `start`: start date ("YYYY-MM-DD")
- `end`: end date ("YYYY-MM-DD")
- `lon`: horizontal coordinate of the desired MODIS tile
- `lat`: vertical coordinate of the desired MODIS tile

Alright, let us give it a try. Remember that an entire MODIS tile will be downloaded, so this might take a few seconds.

```
listMODIS(product="MOD13A2", start="2015-08-01", end="2015-08-15", lon="15", lat="07")
```

If everything worked fine, there should now be a file named 'MODIS/MOD13A2.005/MOD13A2.A2015225.h16v07.005.2015243211134.hdf' in the 'data' subfolder of your working directory.

(Download and) process data

Unfortunately, MODIS data commonly come in .hdf format that most users are rather unfamiliar with. Luckily, **MODIS** provides functionality to automatically extract ordinary GeoTiff (.tif) images from the .hdf container file. The referring function is called `extractMODIS` and works very similar to the previous `listMODIS` command. A quick look at `extractMODIS` reveals that this function supports even more specifiable arguments. Amongst those are

- `sdsmask`: the desired scientific datasets (SDS) to extract; see e.g. [the MOD13A2 product description](#) (tab 'Layers') for a detailed list of SDS that come with the product
- `proj`: the desired output projection
- `jobname`: a job name which will be passed on to the subfolder in 'processed'

We will set `sdsmask="NDVI"` since, for the moment, we are only interested in the raw NDVI values. Furthermore, we will specify ordinary 'Latlong' (EPSG:4326) as output projection. Note that if you are willing to download and extract MODIS data in one step, you may simply use `downloadMODIS` instead of `extractMODIS`. Alright, let's try this.

```
extractMODIS(product="MOD13A2", start="2015-08-01", end="2015-08-15", lon="15", lat="07", sdsmask="NDVI", proj="EPSG:4326", jobname="test")
```

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Wrap-up

If everything worked out fine, there should now be a file named 'ndvi_1km_16day/MOD13A2.A2015225.1_km_16_days_NDVI.tif' in the 'data/processed' subfolder. You may want to have a look at it using

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